

# Healthy Aging Education Series “Introduction to Cybersecurity”

SUMMERVILLE FAMILY HEALTH TEAM / PEEL SENIOR LINK

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# Who am I?



My name is Cathy Timlin

- Retired Executive Director
- Training and Organizational Development Coordinator with Asurtec Technology Solutions

# Introduction

Throughout our discussion I will;

- ▶ Discuss the types of cybersecurity risks facing individuals today,
- ▶ Showcase examples of potential cybersecurity risks
- ▶ Give you tips on identifying and responding to these threats

Any Questions?

# Today's Topics

- ▶ Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls
- ▶ Passwords – Creating strong passwords and Keeping yourself Safe
- ▶ Social Media – Think before you post
- ▶ Privacy 101 – online shopping, banking and other financial transactions

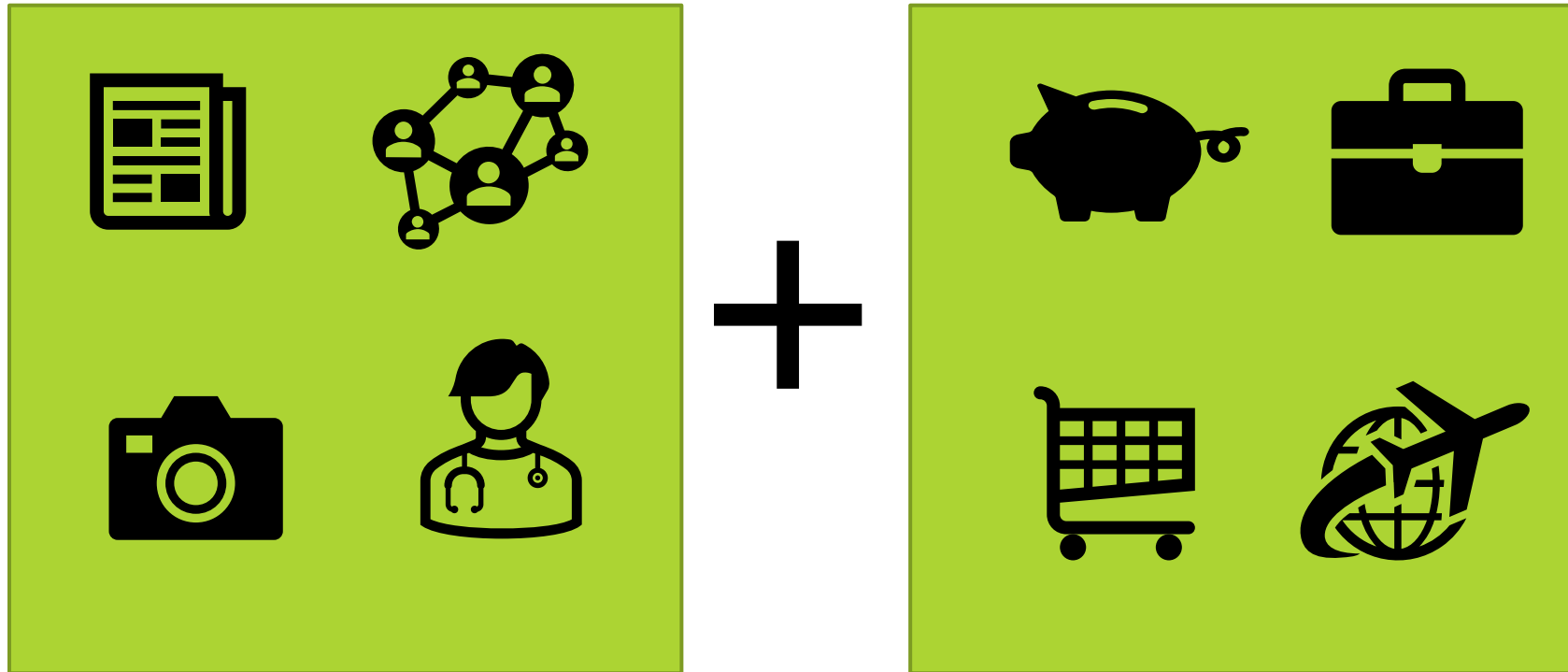
# What is Cybersecurity?

## ► Definition of *cybersecurity*

: measures taken to protect a computer or computer system (as on the Internet) against unauthorized access or attack

**Source:** <https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/cybersecurity>

# Why do seniors go online?



# Seniors Online

- ▶ While technology can provide many positive and powerful tools, there can be risks involved with online use
- ▶ Learning how to manage these risks really is key to safe and enjoyable online use
- ▶ Following some simple rules can go a long way to keep you, your family and friends safe

# Seniors Online

## Don't be hacked by a Human!!

- ▶ There are many different types of online scams
- ▶ Online scams have recently become far more sophisticated
- ▶ They exploit a person's inclination to trust in order to manipulate them into handing over specific information

The fundamentals of these online scams they have one common element  
**DECEPTION!!**



# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

What is the one thing everyone here today has that a scammer or cybercriminal wants from you?

▶ It would be considered the most valuable asset you have

▶ **YOUR PASSWORD**

▶ It should be considered just as important as your banking information.

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

**Scams can come in different forms.**

The most common are -

- ▶ Email Phishing
- ▶ SMiShing
- ▶ Vishing

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

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## What is Email Phishing/Scam Emails?

- ▶ Receive an email that look like they are coming from a trustworthy source i.e. a business, family member, the bank, a government agency and;
- ▶ May look like its coming from someone that you frequently interact with

## What is the goal is they are trying to achieve?

- ▶ Gaining access to your personal information
- ▶ Installing malware on your computer or mobile device

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# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam Emails – con't

- ▶ Fool you into clicking an embedded link that would take you to a fake/ or look alike website where you subsequently log in using your password

## Should you click on any of these and log in

You have just delivered them your log in information. It's as easy as that!!

- ▶ Passwords are like GOLD to a cybercriminal

**Reminder** – you should always ask yourself – Should I be entering my login information on this site?

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam emails – con't

### How can you spot a potential email scams

- ▶ Someone sends an information request. Is the information request legit?
- ▶ Is there a sense of urgency attached to the email?
- ▶ Does the sender email look suspicious?
- ▶ Does the email contain a suspicious link or an attachment that you were not expecting?

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam emails – con't

### TIPS

- ▶ Attach importance to your password as you would your debit card, or your visa card or your purse/wallet for that matter
- ▶ If you are provided with an offer seems to good to be true, then it probably is – don't fall for it
- ▶ Do NOT open emails from untrusted sources and do NOT click on links
- ▶ Never send personal and/or financial information by email

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

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## Email Phishing/Scam emails

### TIPS – con't

- ▶ Be skeptical. Verify the identity of any person making a request
- ▶ Always verify whether or not the person is authorized to make such a request
- ▶ Check your Anti-Virus software and keep it up to date at all times
- ▶ If you do receive an email scam – Report it if you are able and Delete it

**Reminder** - Don't implicitly trust others without proper verification

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

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## Email Phishing/Scam emails

Dear: [execdir@fakeorg.ca](mailto:execdir@fakeorg.ca),

Kindly be inform that your password to [execdir@fakeorg.ca](mailto:execdir@fakeorg.ca) Expires today.

**Date and Time** : Thursday, June 25, 2020 7:53:00 AM

**Severity: High**

**A high-extremity alert has been triggered**

Proceed To Keep Same Password

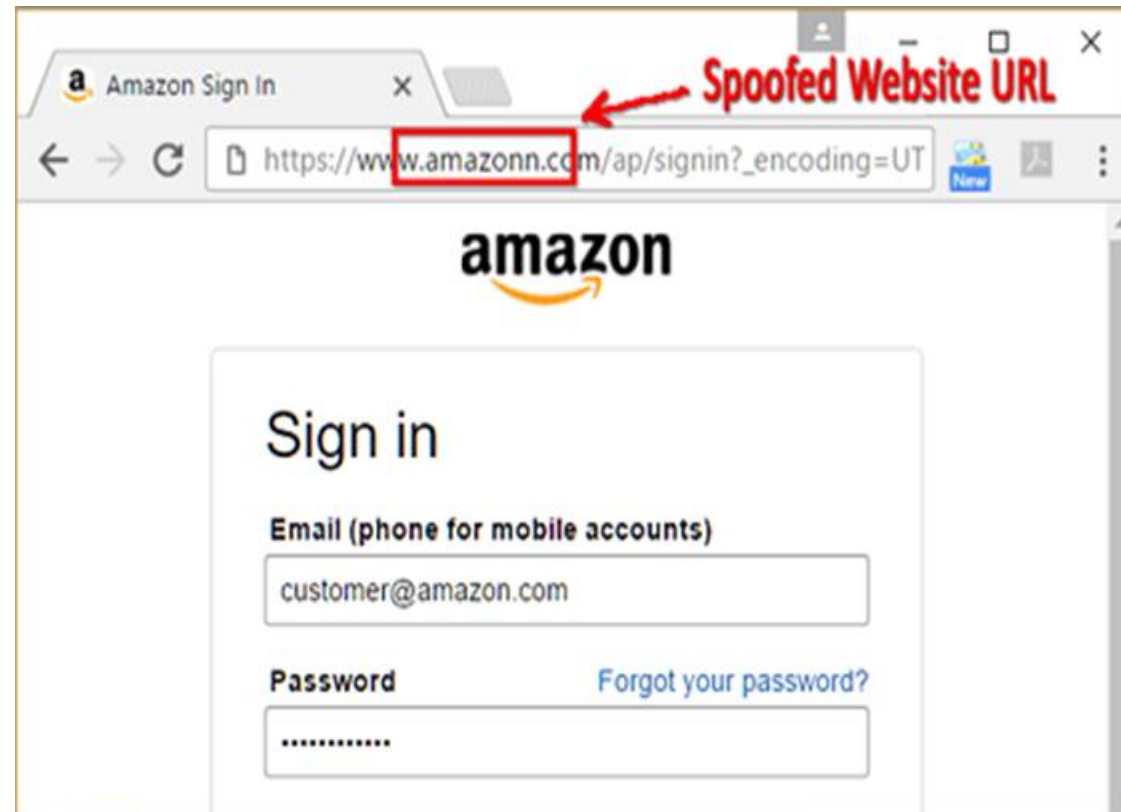
This email was sent to [execdir@fakeorg.ca](mailto:execdir@fakeorg.ca).



# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam emails

- ▶ TIP – always hover over the URL address to ensure it looks authentic



# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam emails related to COVID 19

- ▶ Many new scams have risen throughout the pandemic
- ▶ They offer fake online stores and treatments
- ▶ As we become more reliant on digital devices to communicate, work remotely and continue our day to day activities

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts, and phone calls

## Email Phishing/Scam emails related to COVID 19

- ▶ It could look like this

Public Notice

Toronto, Ontario. All employees will receive (mandatory) paid leave to avoid the spread of the COVID-19 novel coronavirus starting from March 14, 2020.

Offices will resume after 2 weeks of the mandatory closure.

Check the link to see if your company is listed:

<http://bit.ly/MandatoryPaidLeave>

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## SMiShing – What the heck is SMiShing?

- ▶ SMiShing takes on a different approach to email phishing. Smishing is a phishing attack carried out over mobile text messaging
- ▶ An attacker uses text messages to exploit their victim, and are deceived into giving out sensitive information. Just like email phishing cybercriminals use malware or fraudulent websites to gain access to account and password information
- ▶ This is definitely an emerging trend but don't be fooled by trusting a text message vs an email.

# Dealing with scam emails, texts and phone calls

## Types of SMiShing attacks

- ▶ Receive a text prompting you to respond by typing “yes”, or by spelling out “reply”
- ▶ Clicking a link included in the text to verify your information
- ▶ Prompted to download an app that looks legitimate

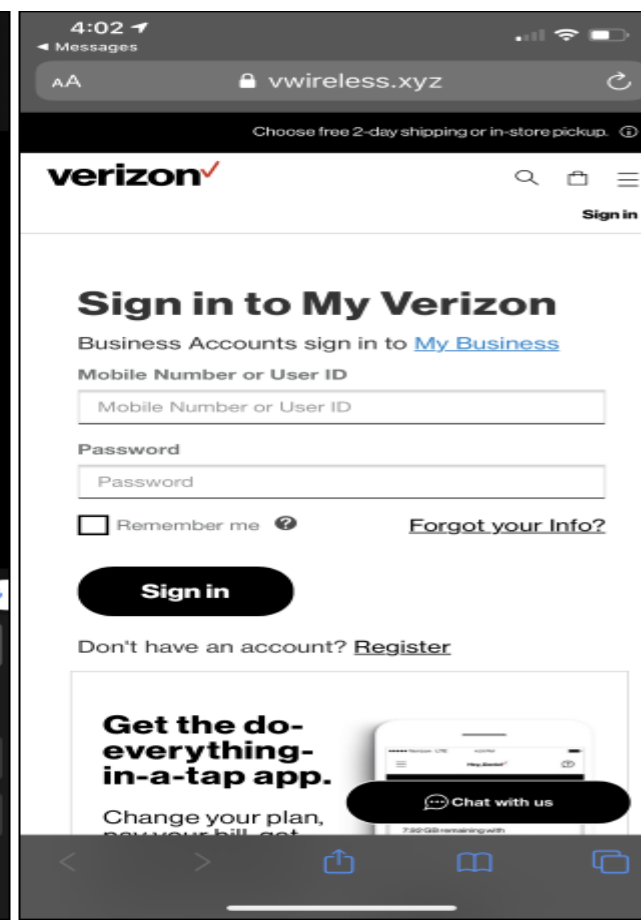
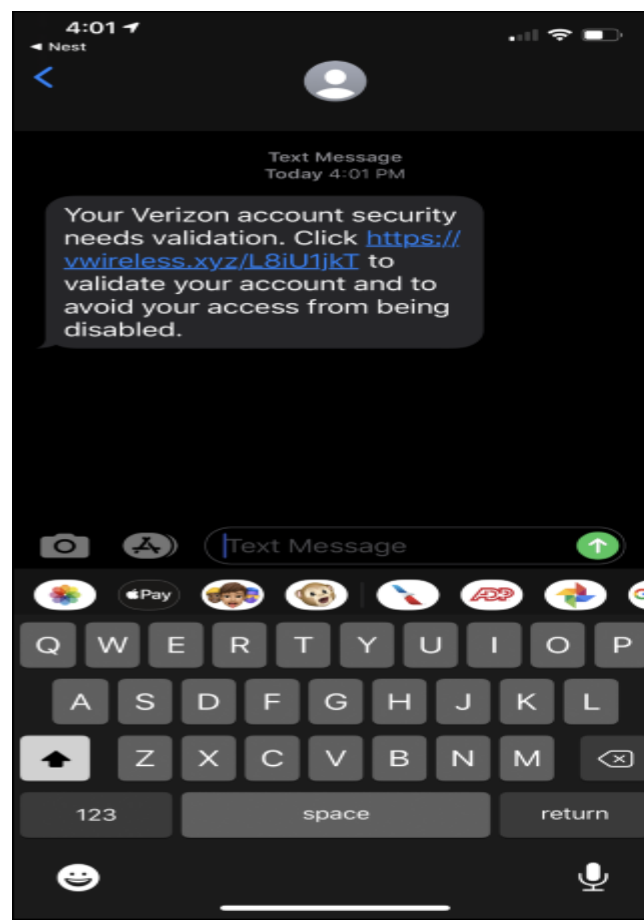
## TIPS

- ▶ Delete these text messages right away, Do NOT reply, Do NOT respond to short codes and Do NOT click on any links
- ▶ Requesting your personal information through a text message is not a standard procedure, this is a clear sign of suspicious activity

# Dealing with Scam emails, texts and phone calls

## SMiShing – con't

### ► Example



# Dealing with Scam emails, text and phone calls

## Vishing/Robocalls – What is Vishing?

- ▶ This is the telephone version of phishing.
- ▶ The same concepts of phishing apply to a vishing attack.
- ▶ Appear to be from a trusted source.
- ▶ Attempt to deceive you into handing over confidential information.
- ▶ Many times they are now using spoofed numbers of more than a dozen federal government agencies and police departments

# Dealing with Scam emails, text and phone calls

## Vishing/Robocalls/Phone scams – con't

### Some common phone scams

- ▶ A phone call from Microsoft saying your computer is infected or compromised in some way.
- ▶ A phone call Visa/Bank with either a pre-recorded or a person on the line stating there is an issue with your account or a payment you made.
- ▶ A phone call from a government agency telling people that their social insurance numbers have been compromised
- ▶ They really are banking on the fact that we may just trust a human voice rather than an email.



# Dealing with Scam emails, text and phone calls

## Vishing/Robocalls/Phone scams – con't

### TIPS -

- ▶ Join the “National Do Not Call Registry – Canada.ca”
- ▶ Don't answer the phone. Simply let the call go to voice mail.
- ▶ Hang up
- ▶ Don't press buttons or respond to prompts
- ▶ Verify the caller's identity

# CREATING STRONG PASSWORDS

Our recommendation is to create long, complex passwords and applies to all internet uses – social media, financial transactions, email accounts etc.

## **Some tips to consider**

- ▶ Create passwords that are at least 8 characters long
- ▶ Use all keys on the keyboard
- ▶ Avoid dictionary words
- ▶ Avoid commonly used password patterns
- ▶ Use unique passwords
- ▶ Update your passwords about every 6 months

# KEEPING YOUR PASSWORDS SAFE

**Who knows the first rule of thumb for keeping your passwords safe?**

- ▶ Do not any share your passwords with anyone
- ▶ Do not save your passwords on a spreadsheet
- ▶ Do not upload them on the cloud
- ▶ Use a Password Manager

# Social Media – Think before you post

Whether you post a picture, comment or a video, you want to ensure that whatever you post is a reflection on you.

You want to feel good about the information you share online. Don't share anything that you wouldn't want shared with the world.

## Remember

- ▶ Even with privacy setting to limit your audience there is always that chance that the information you share can be copied and shared by others.

# Social Media – Think before you post

## TIPS -

- ▶ Always check your privacy settings
- ▶ Don't click on links, coupons, or answer survey's
- ▶ Use strong, long password
- ▶ Avoid giving out your current location

# Social Media – Think before you post

## TIPS - con't:

- ▶ Stick to people you know
- ▶ Never add personal or financial information to a social media site
- ▶ Report abuse from anyone
- ▶ Know fact from fiction

# Privacy 101 – Online shopping, banking and other financial transactions

The internet has had a tremendous impact on the way we do many things these days

## **Online today we can -**

- ▶ Do our shopping
- ▶ Do our banking and make investment purchases
- ▶ Pay our taxes
- ▶ Make our travel plans
- ▶ Book appts, receive medical information

# Privacy 101 – Online shopping, banking and other financial transactions

## TIPS –

- ▶ Only shop at reputable online merchants
- ▶ When shopping or banking look for secure websites/mobile apps
- ▶ Use a credit care where possible, or a debit cards or paypal



# Privacy 101 – Online shopping, banking and other financial transactions

## TIPS –

- ▶ Be careful before you click - carefully review all transactions before confirming them
- ▶ Mistakes can happen – contact the company right away
- ▶ Use the cancelation feature
- ▶ Read and understand **return policies**

# INTRODUCTION TO CYBERSECURITY

**QUESTIONS??**

# INTRODUCTION TO CYBERSECURITY

***THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME!!***

# INTRODUCTION TO CYBERSECURITY

## Seminar Resources

- ▶ **Statistics Canada – Seniors Online** <https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/pub/11-627-m/11-627-m2019024-eng.htm>
- ▶ **Seniors and technology during Covid-19: the latest insights**  
<https://www.ericsson.com/en/blog/2021/1/seniors-and-technology-during-covid>
- ▶ **How can older adults safely use Social Media**  
<https://www.homecareassistancewinnipeg.ca/how-can-seniors-use-social-media-safely/>

# INTRODUCTION TO CYBERSECURITY

**Contact Information - If you are looking for more information on our Services or Training please contact:**

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